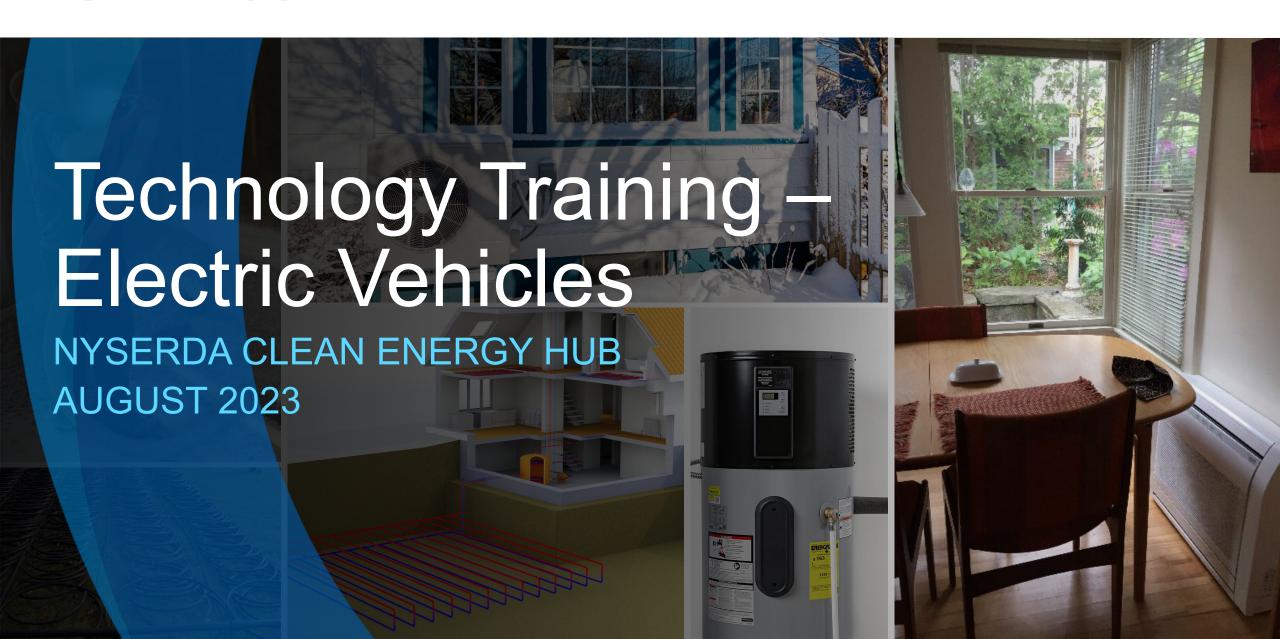
## **CADMUS**



## Agenda Overview

- Technical Overview EVs and EV Chargers
- Relevant Policies
- Customer Economics Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) framework
- Emissions Reduction Potential
- Contractor and Supply Chain Engagement
- Marketing and Promotion
- Customer FAQs
- Q&A Session

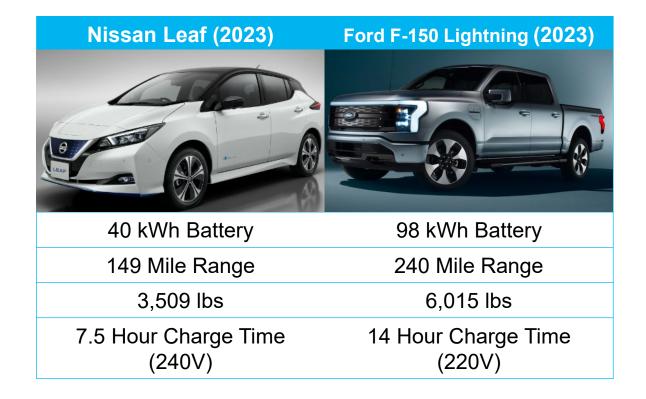
## **Technical Overview**

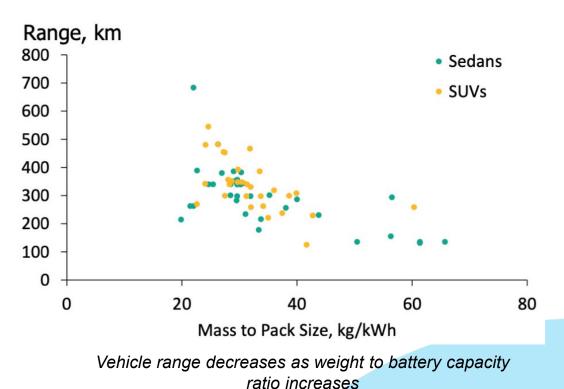
EVs and EV Charging Infrastructure Key Considerations for Installation

Main Types of Vehicles



#### **Electric Vehicle Considerations**





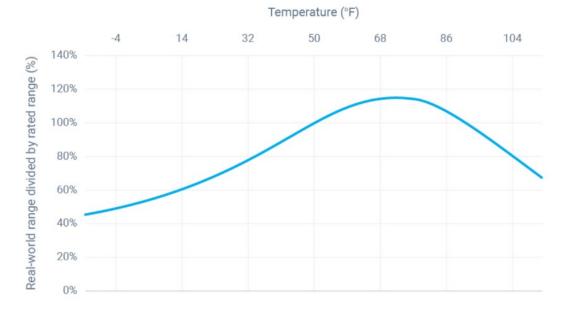
- Battery Size: Increases range, vehicle weight, and charging time
- Vehicle Weight: 20-25% battery, Decreases range

## Factors Impacting EV Performance



Electric vehicles potentially perform *better* than ICE vehicles at **Extreme Elevation and Altitude** 

- Altitude inhibits air/fuel combustion
- Vapor lock resulting from low air pressure
- Cold temperature can reduce EV range

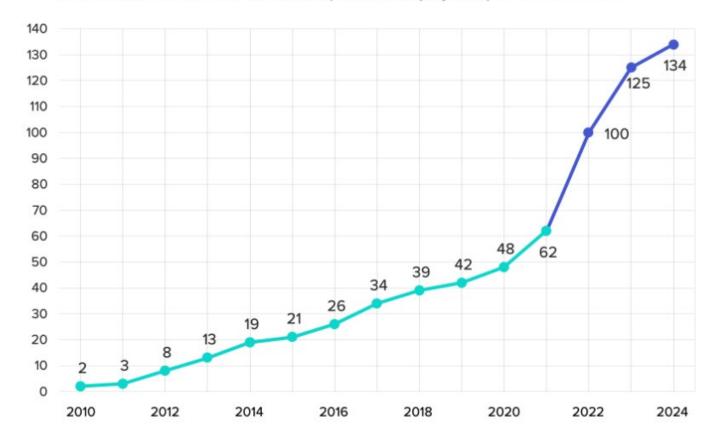


**Extreme Temperatures** can *negatively affect* electric vehicles':

- (1) Battery Capacity
- (2) Range
- (3) Charging Time

## Models & Availability

Total number of electric vehicle models (historic and projected) in the U.S. market

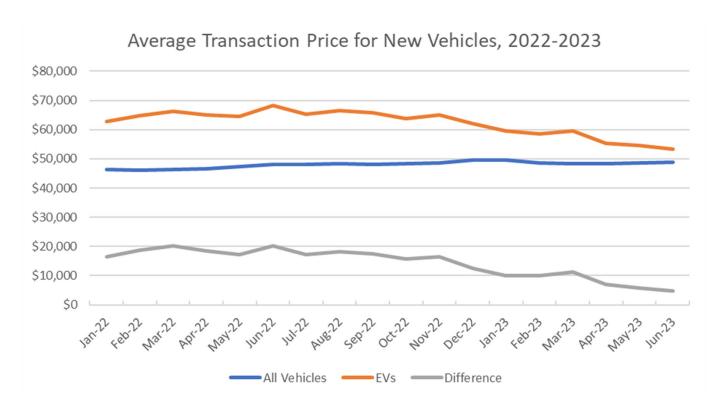


- As of 2023, roughly 111 electric vehicle models
- Trends in Availability
  - Higher demand for EVs
  - Declining prices as manufacturing increases
  - Some residual supply chain issues due to Covid-19 pandemic (semiconductor shortage)
  - Long wait times have declined

P

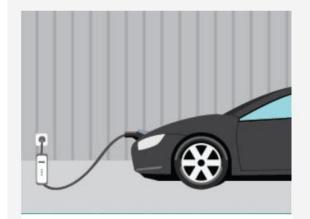
NUMBER

#### Incremental EV Cost



- June 2023; EVs were ~\$4,600 more than average vehicle
- Tesla represents >50% of EV sales
  - Price adjustments have a disproportionate impact on these trends
- Non-Tesla EVs have very similar transaction price on average to Tesla EVs

#### Level 1



#### VOLTAGE:

120V 1-Phase AC

#### AMPS:

12-16 Amps

#### CHARGING LOAD:

1.4-1.9 kW

#### **CHARGING TIME:**

3-5 Miles per Hour

#### Level 2



#### **VOLTAGE:**

208V or 240 V 1-Phase AC

#### AMPS:

12-80 Amps (Typ. 32 Amps)

#### **CHARGING LOAD:**

2.5-19.2 kW (Typ. 6.6 kW)

#### **CHARGING TIME:**

12-60 Miles per Hour

#### **DC Fast Charge**



#### **VOLTAGE:**

208V or 480V 3-Phase AC

#### AMPS:

>100 Amps

#### **CHARGING LOAD:**

50-350 kW

#### **CHARGING TIME:**

60-80 Miles in 20 Minutes

Main Connector Types

#### **LEVEL 1 Charging**



Standard Wall Plug

Typical 110V household wall outlet

#### **LEVEL 2 Charging**





J1772

Tesla

Utilizes 208-240V outlet on dedicated circuit

## Only major compatible US BEV is Nissan LEAF

#### **DC Fast Charging**







CHAdeMO

CCS Combo

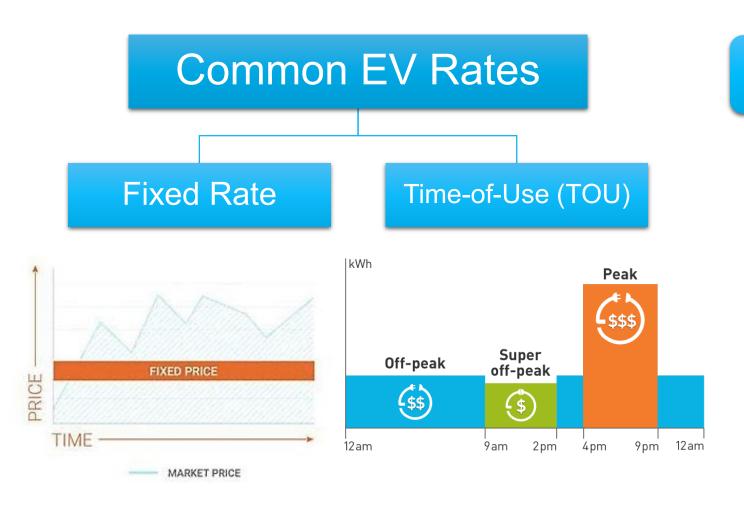
Tesla Supercharger

Requires minimum 400V connection

- All EVs can use Level 1 and Level 2 J1772
- Only Tesla vehicles have historically used Tesla connectors
   Changing in 2024/2025 (via adapters and the vehicle redesign)

Recently became the North American Charging Standard (NACS)

Costs of Charging and Rates



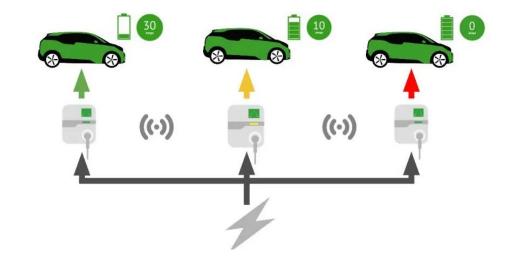
## **Demand Charges**

- Commercial & Public Chargers
- Based on peak consumption (kW)
- Recovers grid capacity costs
- Highest for DCFC stations (74% of average electricity bill)

**Smart Chargers and Managed Charging** 

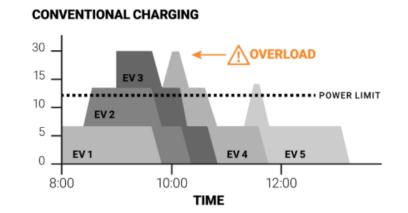
Adaptation of the charging cycle to conditions of both the (1) grid and (2) vehicle needs

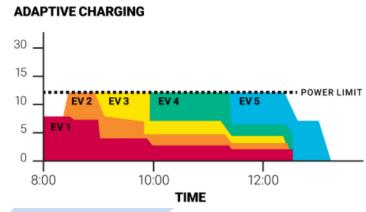
- Load Management
- Vehicle Communication



#### **Costs and Benefits**

- Often requires Smart Chargers (\$\$)
  - Vehicle telematic-based scheduled charging
- Cost Savings for EV owners & Utilities





### **Networked Chargers**

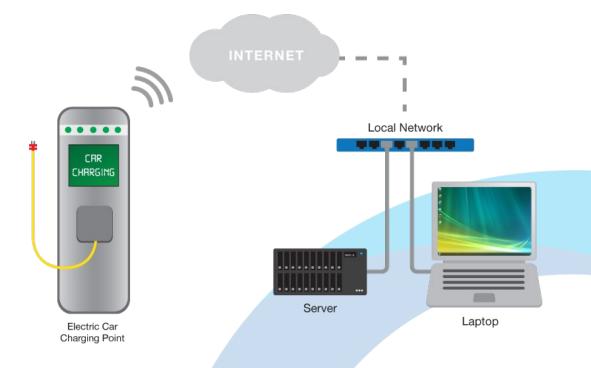
- 1) Connect to a broad network of EV chargers
- 2) Access to online management platform
- 3) Option for hardwired or wireless

#### Open vs. Closed Networks

#### Costs and Benefits of Networked Chargers

- Monthly networking fee (\$\$)
- Ability to impose a charging fee
- Collect usage data
- Load and cost management
- Remote access to manage all charger operations
- Remote maintenance and troubleshooting



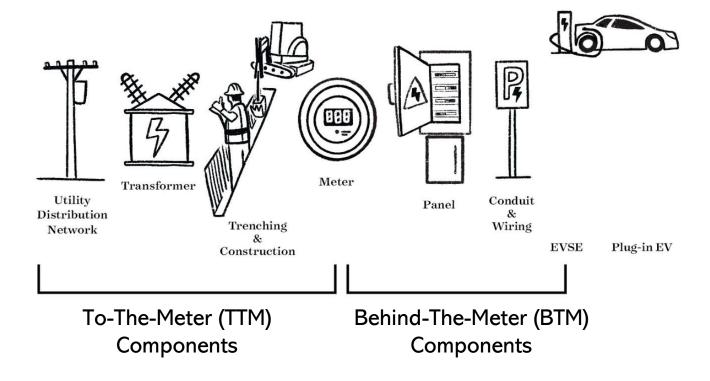


Considerations for MFH and Public Charging

	Multi-Family Housing	Public Charging  White Strong
Access	<ol> <li>Designated parking and chargers</li> <li>Communal chargers, helpful if paired with networked platform with sharing features</li> </ol>	Competes with general parking, requires thoughtful placement (limit misuse)  Signage and Marketing via apps to support utilization
Charger Level	Level 2	Level 2 or DCFC (location-dependent)
Ownership (& Maintenance)	Property Owner Tenant/Resident	Specific business entity Third-party organization (e.g., network provider)
Payment	Free amenity Monthly charging fee Charge according to usage (networked)	Free amenity Charge according to usage (networked)

## Utility Infrastructure for EV Charging

Overview



#### TTM Infrastructure Upgrades

• Utility Jurisdiction

#### BTM Infrastructure Upgrades

Site Owner Responsibility

#### **Charging Station Ownership**

- Specific business entity or residence
- Third-party organization (e.g., charger network provider)

## Utility Infrastructure for EV Charging

## **Key Considerations for Installations**

- Typical installation timeline 10-16 months
- Good Candidates
  - Have site plan
  - Understand cost & on-site load availability\*
  - Receptive to right-sizing
  - Consider future expansion
- Limiting Factors
  - Available funding, incentives, rebates
  - Grid capacity at site\*
  - Program team availability

#### Typical Installation Process



	Site Host	Utility
Responsibilities	<ul><li>1) Application (site plan)</li><li>4) BTM Construction &amp; EVSE (e.g., chargers, networking)</li></ul>	<ul><li>2) Eligibility Screening</li><li>3) Design &amp; Permitting</li><li>4) TTM Construction</li><li>5) Site Activation</li></ul>

## Relevant Policies

Rebates and Incentives for EVs, EVSE and Utility Infrastructure Additional Funding for DACs

## Federal, State and Local Policies & Programs

Residential, Multi-family, and Small Commercial Sectors

	Electric Vehicle Incentives	EVSE Incentives
Federal	Inflation Reduction Act (2022)	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (2021) creating National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (NEVI) Formula Program (\$5B) & Discretionary Grant Program (\$2.5B)
State	NYSERDA Drive Clean Rebate	Alternative Fueling Infrastructure Tax Credit Charge Ready NY 2.0
Utility*		Electric Vehicle Managed Charging Programs Electric Vehicle Make-Ready Programs

<sup>\*</sup>NYS Utilities include Central Hudson, National Grid, Con Edison, NYSEG, O&R, and RG&E



Statewide requirement that all sales & leases of new lightduty vehicles must be zero-emission vehicles by 2035

#### NY State Policies:

- Emissions Inspection Exemption
- HOV Lane Exemption
- Multi-family Housing EVSE Installation Protection

## **Utility Policies & Programs**

Funding for DACs



#### Justice40



DACs receive 40% of total benefits from certain federal investments (including clean transportation)



## **Additional Utility Support**

Non-Residential EV Infrastructure Programs

DAC incentive covers 100% cost

Electric Vehicle Make-Ready Program

DACs receive minimum 30% total funding

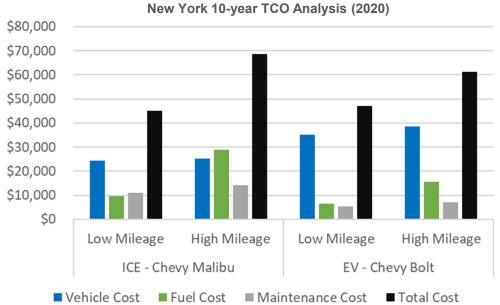
## Customer Economics

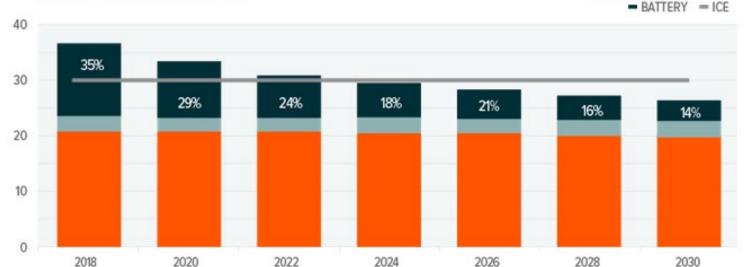
Total Cost of Ownership
Overview of Incentive Programs

## **Total Cost of Ownership**

## **Light-Duty Vehicles**

- EVs are at *price parity* with ICE vehicles in some classes but not in all
  - Pickup truck price premium is high





Short-run TCO Considerations

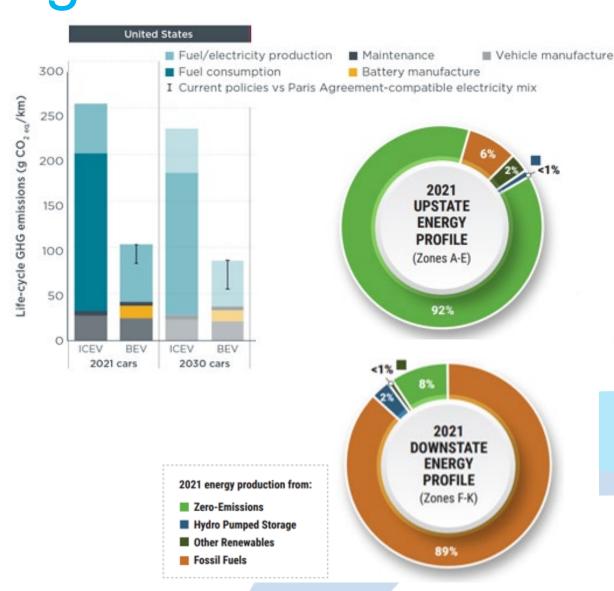
REAL 2018 THOUSAND DOLLARS AND %

- Upfront capital costs more for EVs than ICE
- Long-run TCO Considerations
  - Fuel costs 2-3x more for ICEVs than EVs
  - Maintenance costs 2x more for ICEVs than EVs

## **Energy and GHG Savings Potential**

EV vs ICE

- Net GHG reduction for EVs
  - EVs lack tailpipe emissions
  - Manufacturing emissions higher for EVs (Battery)
  - GHG emissions from EVs depends on fuels in electricity production
- Upstate vs. Downstate NY Electricity Production Profiles
- Key Fuel Distinctions
  - Gasoline prices higher for Upstate
  - Electricity prices higher for Downstate
  - Greenhouse Gas Potential



# Dealer and Installer Supply Chain Engagement

Overview of NY Supply Chain Key Points for Engagement

## **EV Dealers in New York**

## Regional Supply Chain

- Manufacturing:
   General Motors Lockport factory conversion
- Distribution channels:
   Direct sale\* vs. Independent dealerships



## Service Providers

- Independent mechanics
- Dedicated service center



## EV Charger Installers in New York State

#### **Regional Supply Chain**

- Manufacturing: Tesla EVSE manufacturing center at NY Gigafactory
- **Distribution channels**: Manufacturers or Network Provider
- Installers: Specialty firms or regular contractors

#### **Ownership**

- Business or Residence
- Third-party entity or Network provider

#### **Future-proofing installations**

 Ensure site can support larger loads (more or faster EVSE) in the future



## Key Points for Engagement





## **Key In-State Assets**

- GM's Electric Vehicle Factory
- Tesla's EVSE Gigafactory
- Local Charger Manufacturers

## **Industry Events**

 Conferences, Webinar, Auto show engagement opportunities

## Marketing and Promotion

Best Practices for Promoting EVs Opportunities for DACs

## Promoting EVs

## Promoting technology to residential and small commercial customer

- Key motivating factor: Environmental Protection
- Most important incentives: Home, Multifamily, & Workplace Level 2 Charging; Public DCFC
- Primary information sources: EV-specific websites, forums, video reviewers, ride and drive events

#### Key considerations and opportunities for DAC Engagement

- Lowering upfront costs through point-of-sale rebates
- Income-qualified programs for used EVs, used EV tax credit, etc.
- Financing for income-qualified EV owners who may use car for gig work (Lyft, Uber, etc.)
- Relevant rates for income-qualified EV owners

## Customer FAQs

Common questions asked by customers about [technology]

## Customer FAQs

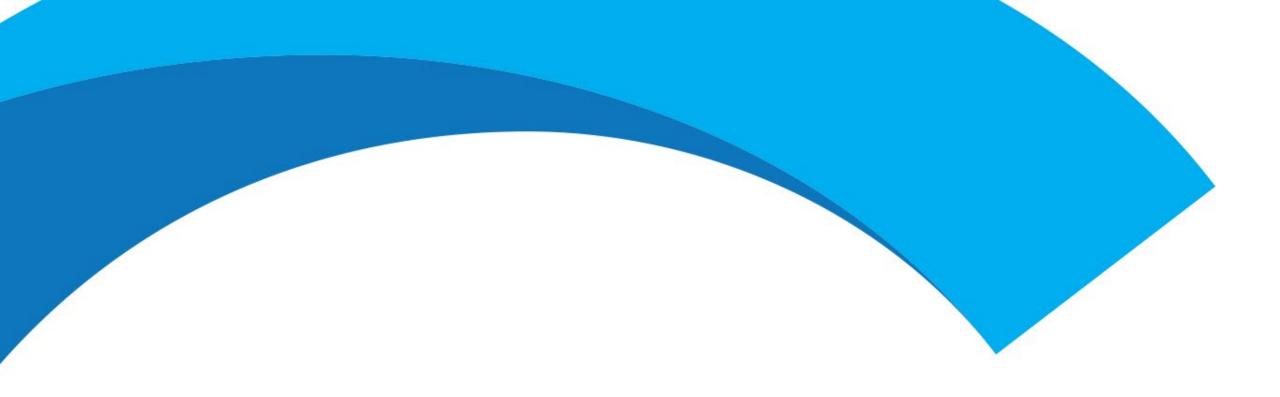
The Lifespan of the Electric Car and Battery

Sufficient charging infrastructure available to support electric vehicles

Owning an EV without access to charging at home or work

Range afforded by electric vehicles vs. Necessary range

Advantages of purchasing an EV now vs. in future



## Questions?

## Citations

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- A global comparison of the life-cycle greenhouse gas emissions of combustion engine and electric passenger cars - International Council on Clean Transportation (theicct.org)
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- The Coming Electric Vehicle Wave: In 2022, Consumers Get Options (morningconsult.com)
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- Investors Considering Electric Vehicles Can Put This ETF Into Gear | Nasdaq
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  - (designdevelopmenttoday.com)
- Tesla wants to expand in New York with 20 stores to support Model 3, pushes new direct sale bill | Electrek
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- EV Startups Blocked From Market by Dealerships and an Old Legal Structure (morningconsult.com)
- New sparks for the electric vehicle industry | Greenbiz
- In photos: Electric vehicles headline New York Auto Show 2022 All Photos UPI.com

